acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Detail King Buff & Bling

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Vehicle polishing compound

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Detail King 947-A-Old Frankstown Rd. Pittsburgh, PA 15239

1-888-314-0847 nvacco@detailking.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500

24 hour emergency number

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
A.7	reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361f

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word warning

- Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



- Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

- Precautionary statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

United States: en Page: 1 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 1: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
China Clay, calcined	CAS No 66402-68-4	3-<12	Acute Tox. 4 / H332
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	CAS No 64742-48-9	1-<3	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
Alcohols, C9-11 ethoxylated	CAS No 68439-46-3	1-<3	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Eye Dam. 1 / H318
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS No 556-67-2		Repr. 2 / H361f Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	CAS No 541-02-6	0.1 - < 1	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227

Hazardous ingredients, Consideration of other advice

This table, if present, includes all GHS classified ingredients present above their cut-off limits, even if the finished product is not classified as hazardous by GHS.

Exact percentage of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret.

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

United States: en Page: 2 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

United States: en Page: 3 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as frost

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	alpha-Alumina	1344-28- 1	REL							appx- D	NIOS H REL
US	alpha-alumina	1344-28- 1	PEL		15					i, dust	29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	alpha-alumina	1344-28- 1	PEL		5					r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	aluminium, insol- uble compounds	1344-28- 1	TLV®		1					r	AC- GIH® 2019
US	aluminium oxide	1344-28- 1	PEL (CA)		10					dust	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	aluminium oxide	1344-28- 1	PEL (CA)		5					r	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	glycerine	56-81-5	REL							mist, appx- D	NIOS H REL
US	glycerol	56-81-5	PEL		15					mist, i	29 CFR 1910.1 000

United States: en Page: 4 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	glycerol	56-81-5	PEL		5					mist, r	29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	petroleum distil- lates (naphtha) (rubber solvent)	64742- 48-9	PEL	500	2,000						29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	mineral oil	8042-47- 5	TLV®		5					i, ex- Met- Work- Fl	AC- GIH® 2019

Notation

appx-D

see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Ceiling-C

dust as dust

excluding metal working fluids inhalable fraction exMetWorkFl

mist as mists

respirable fraction

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless

otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted

average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	DNEL	16 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	DNEL	2,080 mg/ kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	DNEL	294 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects

United States: en Page: 5 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

Relevant PNECs o	f components	of the mix	xture			
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	0.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	0.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	1.4 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	PNEC	0.014 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.059 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	1.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.44 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.044 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.59 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.16 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	13 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.2 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	0.12 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)

United States: en Page: 6 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture							
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	2.5 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	yellow
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	fruity

United States: en Page: 7 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

Other sat	fety	parameters
-----------	------	------------

pH (value)	7.5 – 8.5 (25 °C)
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	>100 °C at 101 Pa closed cup
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

Explosive limits

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.7 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	19 vol%
Vapor pressure	32 hPa at 25 °C
Density	1.1 ^g / _{cm³}
Vapor density	this information is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	311 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))

Viscosity

- Kinematic viscosity	5,000 cSt at 25 °C
- Dynamic viscosity	5,500 cP at 25 °C
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

United States: en Page: 8 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture				
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE	
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	inhalation: dust/mist	>2.3 ^{mg} / _l /4h	
Alcohols, C9-11 ethoxylated	68439-46-3	oral	1,200 ^{mg} / _{kg}	
Alcohols, C9-11 ethoxylated	68439-46-3	dermal	2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

United States: en Page: 9 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	LC50	8.5 ^{mg} / _l	fathead minnow	96 h
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	EC50	5.3 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	48 h
Alcohols, C9-11 eth- oxylated	68439-46-3	ErC50	1 – 10 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	>22 ^{µg} / _I	fish	96 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _I	fish	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	EC50	300 ^{mg} / _I	microorganisms	3 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EC50	15 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	10 ^{µg} / _I	fish	14 d
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>500 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _I	fish	14 d
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>15 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

United States: en Page: 10 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture contains substance(s) with an endocrine disrupting potential.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not relevant
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 Packing group not assigned

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous

goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

United States: en Page: 11 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
water	7732-18-5	solvent	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	lubricant	
Neuburg Siliceous Earth	1020665-14-8	abrasive	
aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	abrasive	
polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	surface modifier	
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	abrasive	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	solvents	Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
Glycerine	56-81-5	humectant	
Alcohols, C9-11 ethoxylated	68439-46-3	surfactant	
acrylic polymer	75760-37-1	viscosity modifier	
fatty acid, montan wax	68476-03-9	wax	
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
triethanolamine	102-71-6	pH adjusting agent	
sodium bicarbonate	144-55-8	pH adjusting agent	
Sodium olefin sulfonate	68439-57-6	surfactant	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(4-nonylphenyl)-ω- hydroxy-, branched	127087-87-0	surfactant	
EDTA, anhydrous	64-02-8	chelate / se- questrant	
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(nonylphenyl)-ω-hy- droxy-, branched		surfactant	EC EDs
d-limonene	5989-27-5		EU Fragrance Allergens
C.I. Acid Violet 48	72243-90-4	colorant	Canada PBiTs
sodium sulfate	7757-82-6	cleaning agent	

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	A, O	

Legend

United States: en Page: 12 / 15

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division 0

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemic	cals				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the tox-icity
2,2'-iminodiethanol	diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.0012		cancer

VOC content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA)
 Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)
 2.2 %

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s) NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	0	material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

United States: en Page: 13 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

United States: en Page: 14 / 15

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Detail King Buff & Bling

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2021-09-30

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United States: en Page: 15 / 15